SECONDARY MATH I // MODULE 5 SYSTEMS – 5.7			5.7
READY, SET, GO!	Name	Period	Date

READY

Topic: Pythagorean theorem

An easy way to check if a triangle contains a 90° angle (also called a right triangle) is to use the Pythagorean theorem. You may remember the theorem as $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$, where *c* is the length of the longest side (the hypotenuse) and *a* and *b* are the lengths of the two shorter sides.

<u>Identify which lengths make a right triangle.</u> Example: Given 5, 12, 13 Replace *a*, *b*, and *c* with the numbers $(5^2 + 12^2 = 13^2) \rightarrow (25 + 144 = 169) \rightarrow (169 = 169)$ Since 169 = 169, a triangle with side lengths of 5, 12, and 13 must be a right triangle.

Do these numbers represent the sides of a right triangle? Write YES in the boxes that apply.

1. 9, 40, 41	2. 3, 4, 5	3. 6, 7, 8	4. 20, 21, 29
5. 9, 12, 15	6. 10, 11, 15	7. 6, 8, 10	8. 8, 15, 17

SET

Topic: Solving systems of equations using substitution.

Solve each system of equations using substitution. Check your solution in both equations.

In this problem, substitute $(x + 1)$ in place of	In this problem, substitute $(3 + y)$ in place of
<i>y</i> in the second equation.	x in the first equation.
9. $\begin{cases} y = x + 1 \\ x + 2y = 8 \end{cases}$	10. $\begin{cases} y + 2x = 7 \\ x = 3 + y \end{cases}$
(x + 2y = 0)	(x - 3 + y)

11.
$$\begin{cases} x = 9 - 2y \\ 3x + 5y = 20 \end{cases}$$
 12.
$$\begin{cases} y = 2x - 4 \\ 3y + 21x = 15 \end{cases}$$

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13.
$$\begin{cases} x = -1 - 2y \\ 3x + 5y = -1 \end{cases}$$
 14.
$$\begin{cases} y = 2x - 3 \\ x + y = -5 \end{cases}$$

15. Tickets to a concert cost \$10 in advance and \$15 at the door. If 120 tickets were sold for a total of \$1390, how many of the tickets were purchased in advance?

GO

Topic: Solving one variable inequalities

Solve the following inequalities. Write the solution set in *interval notation* and graph the solution set on a number line.

16. $4x + 10 < 2x + 14$	 -10	+ +	-5		+ +	0		+ +	5	++-	 10	-+►
17. 2 x + 6 > 55 – 5 x	 -10	+ +	- 5		+ +	0	 	+ +	5	+	 10	
18. $2(\frac{x}{4}+3) > 6(x-1)$	 -10	+ +	-5	II	+ +	0	 	+ +	5	+ +	 10	
19. $9x + 4 \le -2(x + \frac{1}{2})$	 -10	+ +	-5		+ +	0		+ +	5	++-	 10	-+•

Solve each inequality. Give the solution in *set builder* notation (e.g. $\{x \in \mathbb{R} | x < 2\}$).

20. $-\frac{x}{3} > -\frac{10}{9}$	21. $5x > 8x + 27$
22. $\frac{x}{4} > \frac{5}{4}$	23. $3x - 7 \ge 3(x - 7)$
24. $2x < 7x - 36$	25. $5 - x < 9 + x$



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